2022

ECONOMICS — HONOURS

Paper: CC-13

(Public Economics)

Full Marks: 65

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Group - A

1. Answer any ten questions:

2×10

- (a) Explain what you mean by a good being excludable and rival in consumption.
- (b) What is meant by a merit good?
- (c) Explain what is meant by the term 'free rider'.
- (d) Why do the government intervene in a market economy for the provision of subsidy to primary schools?
- (e) What do you mean by national and local public goods? Explain by giving examples.
- (f) Explain briefly the concept of horizontal and vertical equity under ability to pay principle.
- (g) What is meant by the benefit priciple of taxation?
- (h) Name two instruments of economic stabilisation.
- (i) Distinguish between internal and external public debt.
- (j) What is revenue account of a budget?
- (k) Differentiate between fiscal deficit and revenue deficit.
- (l) On what basis should a government choose between loans and taxes?
- (m) What do you mean by a matching grant?
- (n) Mention two sources each of tax revenue and non-tax revenue of the government.
- (o) Mention two problems of taxing capital gain.

Group - B

Answer any three questions.

5×3

- 2. Define a public good. What are the basic reasons for market failure in provision of public goods?
- 3. What are the different canons of taxation?

Please Turn Over

- 4. Does debt finance burden future generations? Explain.
- 5. On what factors do the sharing of the burden of tax between the buyers and sellers depend in a competitive market?
- 6. What do you mean by a Balanced Budget Multiplier? Under what conditions the value of it is more than one?

Group - C

Answer any three questions.

- 7. Explain the alternative rules of equal sacrifice principle on the assumption that all individuals have identical and declining marginal utility of income.
- 8. Clearly show and explain the position of Lindahl equilibrium. Discuss the properties of this equilibrium.

 6+4
- 9. 'An indirect tax imposes an excess burden compared to a direct tax of equal yield.' Do you agree with this view? Give reasons for your answer.
- 10. Analyse the distribution of the burden of a proportional wage tax between labour and capital: (a) when the aggregate supply curve is perfectly inelastic and (b) when it is an increasing function of net wage rate.
 5+5
- 11. With reference to the recommendations of the Fourteenth Finance Commission comment on the
 - (a) Vertical and Horizontal devolution of tax proceeds between the centre and the states.
 - (b) Grants-in-aid. 6+4